

4 o'clock p.m.
City Edition

The Ogden Standard.

FEARLESS, INDEPENDENT, PROGRESSIVE NEWSPAPER.
OGDEN CITY, UTAH, FRIDAY EVENING, SEPTEMBER 5, 1913.

WEATHER FORECAST

Fair in north portion; local showers in south portion tonight or Saturday.



THAW'S ATTORNEYS MAKE GRAND COUP

Secure Writ of Habeas Corpus Calling For the Fugitive's Custodian at Coaticook to Produce Him in Montreal at Once—Judge Gervais of the King's Bench Issues Writ Which Special Train Conveys to the Border Town

BOARD ORDERS DEPORTATION OF THAW

Restraining Order From Montreal Prevents Slayer of Stanford White From Being Sent Across the Line—Thaw and His Mother Express Delight Over Jerome's Arrest—Crown Prosecutor Shows Dislike For New York Attorney and Seeks to Have Him Held Without Bail

Montreal, Sept. 5.—Judge Gervais today issued a writ of habeas corpus, calling for the production of Harry K. Thaw in Montreal at once.

This statement was made this afternoon by the Montreal Herald, which says it has learned on good authority that the writ was procured on Thaw's behalf by two members of his legal staff, J. N. Greenhields and N. K. LaFlamme.

The ground taken, it is said, is that Thaw is not an immigrant in the true sense of the word.

The writ will be brought to Montreal, where his case will be heard before the court of appeals.

Judge Gervais is on the court of the king's bench.

Mr. LaFlamme left for Coaticook by special train this afternoon. He took with him the writ issued by Judge Gervais.

JEROME NOW IN TROUBLE

Thaw Ordered Deported.

Coaticook, Sept. 5.—Harry K. Thaw was ordered deported by a special board of inquiry this afternoon, but an immediate appeal was entered.

Furthermore, a restraining order, granted by a judge at Montreal, prevented his removal from quarters here.

He was found deportable on two counts—first, having entered the Dominion by stealth; second, having been an inmate of an asylum within five years.

Telegraphic notice was served on the immigration authorities here today that Judge Gervais, of the court of appeals at Montreal, had granted a writ of habeas corpus and a restraining order holding up any immediate move looking to the deportation of Harry K. Thaw.

The writ itself was being rushed here this afternoon by special train. It calls for Thaw's production in court at Montreal.

Thaw On Witness Stand.

Coaticook, Quebec, Sept. 5.—William Travers Jerome relaxed his vigil in the case of Harry K. Thaw today for the first time since he was retained by New York state to bring about the fugitive slayer's return to Matewan.

The reason was that Mr. Jerome was in jail. For nearly an hour he stood in a small cell in the Coaticook lockup, charged with gambling on railway property. Shortly before noon he was released on \$500 bail for a hearing before a magistrate tomorrow morning.

Meanwhile the special board of inquiry, sitting to determine whether Thaw shall be deported, heard two witnesses in secret and announced that a decision would be made later.

The session, in secret, was still going on at noon and the word went out that the hearing would be continuous until a verdict had been found. The witnesses examined in the forenoon were Thaw himself and Franklin Kennedy, deputy attorney general of New York. Thaw was on the stand less than two minutes. He was asked one question:

"Are you the man who killed Stanford White?"

"On the advice of counsel, I decline to answer," said Thaw.

He was then excused.

At this point a recess was taken and later Mr. Kennedy was called. He identified the commitment on which Thaw was first sent to Matewan and the decrees remanding him there after his defeat in various habeas corpus proceedings in New York.

"I knew that man would never come to any good end," he said sarcastically.

Jerome, to avoid any complications over his bail, slipped out of town unnoticed this afternoon in his car.

Mrs. Thaw Pleaded.

Cresson, Pa., Sept. 5.—"Good," said Mrs. Thaw when told of the arrest of Jerome at Coaticook. "That will keep him quiet for a while."

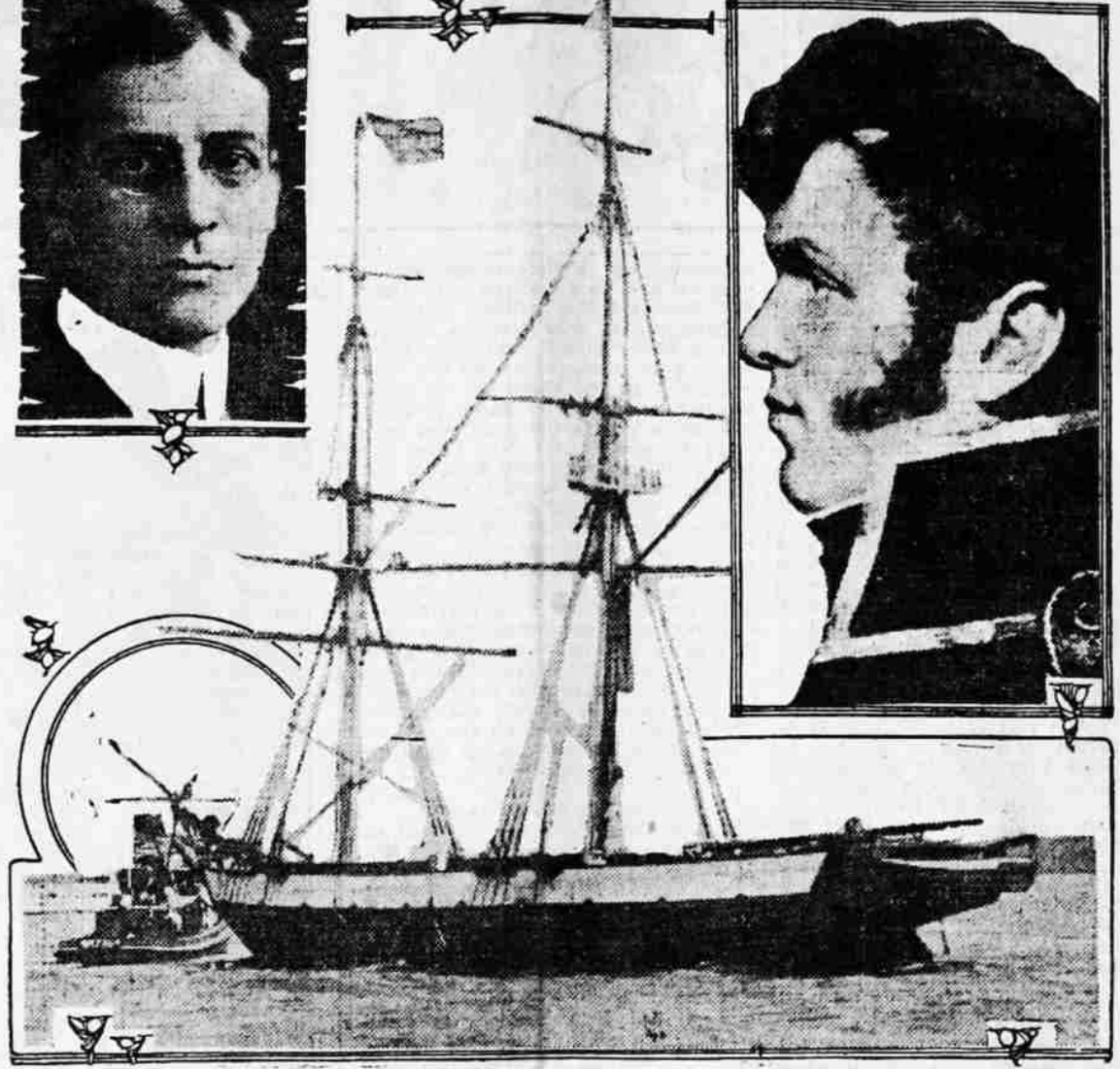
Mrs. Thaw expressed her pleasure when informed of the Montreal report of another writ of habeas corpus for her son, but steadfastly refused to say that she would continue her journey from New York to Montreal tomorrow.

BOY RESCUES LIVES OF GIRLS

Des Moines, Ia., Sept. 5.—Eagerness on the part of Paul Masser, 15 years old, to see a Western league baseball game yesterday afternoon saved two lives.

The ball park is located near the Des Moines river and Masser was

CLEVELAND PLANS BIG DEMONSTRATION ON ARRIVAL OF PERRY'S FLAGSHIP NIAGARA SEPTEMBER 14; \$50,000 FOR CELEBRATION



Mayor Baker, Flagship Niagara and Commodore Perry.

Cleveland, Ohio, is planning a big demonstration on the arrival of Perry's flagship, Niagara at that port on September 14. Over \$50,000 will be spent in the celebration. Mayor Baker is chairman of the general committee which has the demonstration in charge.

The resurrected Niagara, the flagship of Commodore Perry at the battle of Lake Erie, off Put-in-Bay, on September 10, 1813, is now touring the Great Lakes. Everywhere the old boat is an object of greatest interest, and many thousands of people at the various ports where she has stopped have trod her decks.

MEXICO TO SEND AGENT

Manuel Zamacona Will Carry on Negotiations With President Wilson That Were Begun By John Lind—Huerta is Anxious For a Loan.

Washington, Sept. 5.—Manuel De Zamacona y Inclan, former Mexican ambassador to the United States and until recently financial agent for the Mexican government in London, will endeavor to carry forward in Washington the negotiations between the Huerta administration and the United States for a solution of the revolutionary problem.

Senator Zamacona comes primarily to continue the negotiations begun with John Lind but his ultimate object is to obtain for the Mexican government the loan which the United States declared in its second note it would encourage American bankers to float if the Huerta government accepted the chief American proposals.

The administration here was sounded out as to the mission of Senator Zamacona and had not yet given its answer when the latter started from Vera Cruz yesterday.

There seemed to be little doubt today in official circles that the Washington administration would receive Senator Zamacona under certain conditions, as he is well known here and regarded as one of the ablest of Mexicans.

Senator Zamacona's affiliations, however, have been with the financial, instead of the diplomatic side of the Mexican government. Some of the Constitutionalists in Washington look on him as the agent of the "clerical" or financial group that for a long time ruled Mexico's affairs. As he has been so little a participant in Mexico politics because of his long absence abroad, others are inclined to regard him as of a non-partisan disposition toward the present situation.

The coming of Senator Zamacona produced an optimistic effect in official circles. The offer of encouragement for a loan to Mexico had been conditioned on the acceptance of the chief proposals made by the United States. The apparent decision of Huerta to send Senator Zamacona before word was received from Washington was taken to mean today that the Huerta government had, in effect, accepted the American stipulation that Huerta should not be a candidate for re-election. Though there is no assurance on record positively excluding Huerta from the presidential contest, the Washington government is taking it for granted that he will not run and is likely to encourage a loan under conditions that will further the effort to bring about a cessation of hostilities and a constitutional election.

The White House has taken the position also with respect to the loan that if Mexico accepted the American proposals for the establishment of peace in the southern republic, it was incumbent on the United States to return to assist in the financial rehabilitation of the country.

BIG DEMAND FOR STOCK

Offering of Union Pacific's Holdings of Southern Pacific Is Success—Success of Move Causes Harri-man Issues to Advance

New York, Sept. 5.—The offering of the Union Pacific Railroad company's \$88,000,000 in Southern Pacific stock to Union Pacific shareholders under the Harriman dissolution plan, was more of a success than was indicated, according to an announcement today by the banking firm which managed the underwriting syndicate.

According to this announcement 810,054 Southern Pacific certificates, or nearly 92 per cent of the offering, were subscribed for, leaving only 73,972 shares for distribution among participants in the underwriting syndicate. The first estimate of the amount subscribed for, made shortly after the expiration of the time limit, was 80 per cent.

The success of the offering caused a sharp advance in the Harriman stocks on the stock exchange today and was influential in strengthening the whole market. Bankers regarded the outcome as an indication of an improvement in the investment market.

ENTERTAINS HIS MAJESTY THE KING



Marchioness of Ripon.

The Marchioness of Ripon (formerly Lady Constance Herbert) recently had the honor of entertaining King George of England. She has always been a great supporter of all forms of art, and during the season, she is a very well-known personality in her corner box at the Covent Garden opera in London.

CRAZED MAN KILLS MANY

Murders His Wife and Four Children, Causes Death of Eight Others and Sets Fire to Town Before Being Wounded and Captured

Muehlhausen, Baden, Germany, Sept. 5.—A crazed teacher named Wagner, who murdered his wife and four children at Degerloch yesterday, set fire to the village of Muehlhausen in four places last night and in a suicidal way with the villagers who tried to capture him, eight persons were killed and ten wounded.

The man took refuge in a stable where he killed all the cattle. He was finally overpowered after he had exhausted the 250 cartridges with which he had provided himself. The enraged villagers wreaked their vengeance on him by clubbing him and stabbing him with pitch forks. He probably will die.

When he entered Muehlhausen it was not known that he was a fugitive murderer. It was only after the wild scenes which had been enacted here that the police went to his apartment in Degerloch, where he has been teaching and found the bodies of his wife and children.

The doctors state that of the twenty wounded by Wagner, five will almost certainly die and six others are in a most serious condition. After he had set fire to the first building in the village, Wagner opened fire with his revolver on every one he met or who appeared at the windows of the houses.

Declare He is "Devil's Ally."

Some of the villagers, believing the place had been attacked by a band of robbers, rushed to the church and furiously rang the bells, while others ran to the barracks for the troops.

In the meantime a village policeman, backed up by some of the more courageous citizens, rushed on Wagner, who stood in the middle of the main street with a mask over his face and an army revolver in each hand and another pair in reserve in his belt.

The policeman was twice wounded, but continued to run toward Wagner, although armed only with a sabre, and felled the maniac while he was reloading his revolver. While on the ground, Wagner wounded the policeman a third time.

Peasants then attacked the maniac, fractured his skull and cut off his hands.

Wagner was known to be a heavy drinker but no one suspected madness. He appears to have contemplated his deed for a long time.

Before leaving Degerloch, where he had killed his wife and four children, he forwarded a rambling letter to a Stuttgart newspaper, in which he wrote:

"I believe there is no God. I am the devil's ally. I wish I could torture everyone I reach of my pistol, but I know I cannot get all. I have slept for years with a dagger and a revolver beneath my pillow."

DISGRACEFUL SCENE AT RAILROAD WRECK

Witnesses at New Haven Inquest Tell of Men Cutting Off Dead Passengers' Fingers to Get Rings and of Persons Searching the Clothing of the Injured and Dying to Secure Money or Valuables

GOVERNMENT BEGINS PUBLIC INVESTIGATION

Witnesses Declare That Engineers of the New Haven Road Frequently Pass Danger Signals of the "Banjo" Type in Foggy Weather—Same Two Express Trains Narrowly Averted Collision an Hour Before—Six Fast Passenger Trains Pass Station Within 32 Minutes—Road Rescinded Order For White Mountain Flyer to Stop at Wallingford

New Haven, Sept. 5.—That there were disgraceful and disgraceful scenes at the railroad wreck at North Haven on Tuesday morning, is declared by Coroner Mix in a report today to Chief of Police Smith requesting him to apprehend the culprits.

Coroner Mix said today during his inquest witnesses told of men cutting fingers off dead passengers to get rings, and of persons searching the clothing of injured passengers to secure money or valuables.

As soon as this testimony was given, the coroner had Chief Smith come to him and to that official were given some of the statements brought with descriptions given of the alleged thieves. Shortly after, four detectives were sent out.

Engineer Miller of the White Mountain testified that he had heard a woman groaning and looking around he saw a man deliberately cut off her finger, on which were several rings. He also saw a man strip a dead woman's hand, and afterwards he saw a man lean over an injured woman and snatch away a locket.

Other railroad men gave corroborative testimony and one of them told of a man who with a pillow case went about picking up jewelry, purses and other articles of value. When others saw what he was doing they chased him across the fields, but he escaped.

In today's investigation before the interstate commerce commission, three witnesses testified that engineers of the New Haven road frequently pass danger signals of the "banjo" type in foggy weather without stopping.

It was further testified that the White Mountain express, the train which plunged into the Bar Harbor express, was barely saved from colliding with the Bar Harbor train, at a point between Springfield and Hartford.

The two trains involved were the last of a procession of six which that morning, passed Wallingford, three miles north of the wreck, within a period of 32 minutes. The White Mountain was making 52 miles an hour at Wallingford.

An order to stop the White Mountain at Wallingford, which would have prevented the wreck, was rescinded, it was brought out.

Flanagan Murray testified that he had gone back to place danger signals to protect his train, "as far as I could until I was recalled by my engineer's whistle."

New Haven, Conn., Sept. 5.—With Engineer A. B. Miller and Flagman C. H. Murray under arrest and accused by Coroner Mix of criminal negligence in the fatal wreck on Tuesday morning, Commissioner McChord of the interstate commerce commission began a public investigation today to determine causes of the disaster.

Murray was still in jail this morning, but it was announced that his \$5000 bail would be furnished by the New Haven railroad today. This was by order of President Howard Elliott of the railroad.

Under a \$5000 bond furnished by the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers.

The "private" investigation of the coroner was continued today, again under police protection.

The examination of witnesses bristled with startling passages. Engineer Wands of the Bar Harbor express brought a gasp from the crowd when he testified that engineers on the New Haven road frequently "drifted by" danger signals in foggy weather.

John C. Kelly, train dispatcher, had previously testified that weather conditions on the morning of the wreck were "very foggy" but that he had not considered it necessary to warn trains to reduce speed. Six trains passed over this stretch of track within an hour, he said. The White Mountain express made the fastest time of any of them. Its time sheet showing an average speed of 52 miles an hour just before it crashed into the Bar Harbor train.

"Banjo" Signals Not Safe.

"Did any of the trains have any information from you as to how close they were together?" asked Chief Inspector Belnap of the interstate commerce commission.

"No, I did not think they needed it," replied the dispatcher.

Engineer Wands said that he did not consider the "banjo" signals a safe method of train operation, and

REPORT NO LIVES LOST

Raleigh, N. C., Sept. 5.—No lives were lost on Ocracoke Island in Wednesday's storm, according to advices reaching here from Hatteras this afternoon.

With reported effects of Wednesday's hurricane over eastern North Carolina already involving property damage running into the millions and heavy loss of life, today's meagre dispatches from the stricken district took additional stories of the storm's havoc. Many small towns along the coast reported severe damage from wind, heavy rainfall or swollen streams.

Ocracoke island is a narrow key of the group that shuts off Pamlico sound from the Atlantic. It lies 20 miles southeast of Bluff Point, N. C. Its only village, Ocracoke, is near its southern extremity, just off Ocracoke inlet.

Eight hundred persons, principally families of fishermen, compose Ocracoke village. All buildings are erected on stilts above the water and communication from house to house is conducted by boats.

Impossible to Get News.

Norfolk, Va., Sept. 5.—With the telegraph wires still down it was impossible today to get detailed information of the havoc wrought by Wednesday's storm on the North Carolina coast.

(Continued on Page Six.)

TODAY'S GAMES

Cincinnati 9, Chicago 4.	Cincinnati, Sept. 5.—(National.)	R. H. E.
Cincinnati	9 12 0	
Chicago	4 8 4	
Batteries — Packard and Clarke; Cheney, Lavender, Stack and Brennan.		
Boston 5, Phillies 3.	Philadelphia, Sept. 5.—(American.)	R. H. E.
Philadelphia	6 12 1	
Boston	3 9 3	
Batteries — Collins, Hall and Carrigan; Plank and Schanz.		
New York 5, Brooklyn 0.	New York, Sept. 5.—(National.)	R. H. E.
New York	9 4 0	
Brooklyn	5 3 1	
Batteries — Rucker and Fisher; Demaree and Meyers.		
Quakers Shut Out Braves.	Boston, Sept. 5.—(National.)—First game.	
Philadelphia	1 3 1	
Boston	0 4 1	
Batteries — Seaton and Killifer; Quinn and Whaling, Rariden.		
Senators Defeat Yankees.	Washington, Sept. 5.—(American.)—First game.	
New York	2 5 1	
Washington	3 9 2	
Batteries — Schulz and Gossett; Boehling, Johnson and Henry, Almsmith.		
Pirates 8, Cardinals 3.	Pittsburg, Sept. 5.—(National.)—First game.	
Pittsburg	3 9 0	
St. Louis	8 12 1	
Batteries — Harmon and Hildebrand; Cooper and Simon.		
(Additional Sports on Page Two.)		